

HIGH DESERT ESTATES HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

Rules for Elections and Voting

1.0 Applicability of Rules.

1.1 Specified Elections – In accordance with California Civil Code §5100 et seq., these rules shall apply to elections regarding assessments legally requiring a vote, election and removal of directors, amendments to the governing documents, or the grant of exclusive use of common area pursuant to Section 4600.

2.0 Access to Association Media.

2.1 Definition of Association Media - “Association Media” means the Association’s newsletters, internet websites and/or association cable channel or any other form of global communication with the membership.

2.2 Equal Access to Association Media - All candidates and members will be granted equal access to the Association’s media for purposes reasonably related to the election.

2.3 No Alteration of Candidate Communications - The Association shall not edit or change the content of any candidate’s message but may include a statement disclaiming responsibility for the content.

3.0 Access to Common Area Meeting Space.

3.1 Equal Access to Common Area Meeting Space - All candidates and members shall be granted equal access to the common area meeting space, if any, at no cost, for purposes reasonably related to the election.

4.0 Number of Directors; Candidate Qualifications.

4.1 Number of Directors – The affairs of this Association shall be governed by a Board of Directors composed of five (5) directors, all of whom must be Members of the Association.

4.2 Causes for Disqualification from Nomination – A person shall be disqualified from nomination as a candidate for election to the Board of Directors for any of the following causes:

4.2.1 Nonmember – The Association shall disqualify a person from nomination as a candidate for not being a Member of the Association at the time of the nomination. If title to a separate interest parcel is held by a legal entity that

is not a natural person, the governing authority of that legal entity shall have the power to appoint a natural person to be a member.

4.2.2 Nonpayment of Assessments – The Association shall disqualify a person from nomination for nonpayment of regular and special assessments but may not disqualify a nominee for nonpayment of fines, fines renamed as assessments, collection charges, late charges, or costs levied by a third party. The person shall not be disqualified for failure to be current in the payment of regular and special assessments if either of the following circumstances is true:

- a. The nominee has paid the regular or special assessment under protest pursuant to Civil Code Section 5658.
- b. The nominee has entered into a payment plan pursuant to Civil Code Section 5665.

4.2.3 Criminal Conviction Affecting Fidelity Bond Coverage – The Association shall disqualify a nominee if that person discloses, or if the Association is aware or becomes aware of, a past criminal conviction that would, if the person was elected, either prevent the Association from purchasing the fidelity bond coverage required by Civil Code §5806 or terminate the Association’s existing fidelity bond coverage.

4.3 Opportunity for Internal Dispute Resolution Prior to Disqualification – The Association shall not disqualify a person from nomination if the person has not been provided the opportunity to engage in internal dispute resolution (“IDR”) pursuant to Civil Code §5900 et seq.

4.4 Elected Directors – Once elected all Directors are required to read and sign the Code of Conduct and Ethics Policy as well as attend the yearly Board Boot Camp.

5.0 Nomination Procedures.

5.1 Nomination – Nomination for election to the Board of Directors are made pursuant to reasonable procedures adopted by the Board of Directors from time to time. At least ninety (90) days prior to the date of an election of directors, the president may appoint a nominating committee to select qualified candidates for election to those positions on the Board of Directors held by directors whose terms of office are then expiring. The nominating committee shall consist of three (3) Members of the Association who may, or may not be, Board members. The nominating committee shall make its report at least sixty (60) days before the date of the election; and the secretary shall forward to each Member, with the notice of the meeting at which the election is scheduled to take place, a list of the nominees. The nominating

committee shall make as many nominations for election to the Board as it shall, in its discretion, determine, but not less than the number of vacancies on the Board to be filled. A person can become a candidate by filling with the secretary a petition nominating himself or herself. All candidates shall have reasonable opportunity to communicate their qualifications to Members to solicit votes.

5.2 Candidate Nomination Form (“Form”) - Candidates may be nominated for election to the Board by a Nomination Form. A Candidate Nomination Form will be mailed to each owner at least 30 days before any deadline for submitting a nomination. Owners interested in serving as a director must complete and return a Form. Directors who want to serve again must complete and return a Form. Owners can nominate themselves or another person. Completed Forms must be returned by the deadline listed on the Form. Any candidate nominated by another person will be contacted to confirm that he or she agrees to be a candidate. Only those candidates who are qualified and have returned their Forms on time will be listed on the voting materials.

5.3 Notice of Nomination Procedure and Deadline – The Association shall provide general notice of the procedure and deadline for submitting a nomination at least 30 days before any deadline for submitting a nomination. Individual notice shall be delivered pursuant to Civil Code Section 4040 if individual notice is requested by a member.

6.0 Election Timeline – Notices and Deadlines.

6.1 At Least 30 Days Before Nomination Deadline – The Association shall provide general notice of the procedure and deadline for submitting a nomination. Individual notice shall be delivered to any member who has requested individual notice.

6.2 At Least 30 Days Before Ballots are Distributed – The Association shall provide general notice of the following:

1. The date and time by which, and the physical address where, ballots are to be returned by mail or handed to the inspector or inspectors of elections.
2. The date, time, and location of the meeting at which ballots will be counted.
3. The list of all candidates’ names that will appear on the ballot.
4. Individual notice of the above paragraphs shall be delivered to any member who has requested individual notice.

6.2.1 Verification and Correction of Candidate List and Voter List – At least 30 days before ballots are distributed, the Association shall permit Members to verify the accuracy of their individual information on the candidate list (if the Member is a candidate) and on a voter list maintained by the Association, which shall include the name, voting power, and either the physical address of the voter’s separate interest, the parcel number, or both (the mailing address for the ballot shall be listed on the voter list if it differs from the physical address of the voter’s separate interest or if only the parcel number is used). The Association or Member shall report any errors or omissions to either list to the inspector or inspectors who shall make the corrections within two business days.

6.3 At Least 30 Days Before Deadline for Voting – The inspector or inspectors of election shall mail by first-class mail or deliver to every Member, or cause to be mailed by first-class mail or delivered to every Member, ballots and two preaddressed envelopes with instructions on how to return ballots. In order to preserve confidentiality, a voter may not be identified by name, address, or lot, parcel, or unit number on the ballot. The Association shall use as a model those procedures used by California counties for ensuring confidentiality of vote by mail ballots, including all of the following:

1. The ballot itself is not signed by the voter but is inserted into an envelope that is sealed. This envelope is inserted into a second envelope that is sealed. In the upper left-hand corner of the second envelope, the voter shall sign the voter’s name, indicate the voter’s name, and indicate the address or separate interest identifier that entitles the voter to vote.
2. The second envelope is addressed to the inspector or inspectors of elections, who will be tallying the votes. The envelope may be mailed or delivered by hand to a location specified by the inspector or inspectors of elections. The member may request a receipt for delivery.

6.3.1 Delivery of these Election Rules – At least 30 days before an election, the inspector or inspectors of election shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, a copy of these Election Rules. Delivery of these Election Rules shall be accomplished by either of the following methods:

- a. Posting the Election Rules to an internet website and including the corresponding internet website address on the ballot together with the phrase, in at least 12-point font: “The rules governing this election may be found here:”.
- b. Individual delivery.

6.4 Within 15 Days After Election – The tabulated results of the election shall be promptly reported to the Board and shall be recorded in the minutes of the next meeting of the Board and shall be available for review by Members of the Association. Within 15 days of the election, the Board shall give general notice of the tabulated results of the election to all Members.

7.0 Inspectors of Election.

7.1 Selection – Before the deadline for nomination of candidates, the Board of Directors shall appoint one or three independent third parties as inspector or inspectors of election.

7.2 Individuals Who Can Act as Inspectors of Election – Independent third parties who can act as the inspector(s) of election include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. a volunteer poll worker with the county registrar of voters;
2. a licensee of the California Board of Accountancy;
3. a notary public; and/or
4. a Member of the Association who is not a director or a candidate for director or related to a director or to a candidate for director;

An independent third party may not be a person, business entity, or subdivision of a business entity who is currently employed or under contract to the Association for any compensable services other than serving as an inspector of elections.

7.3 Duties of Inspectors of Election

1. Determine the number of memberships entitled to vote and the voting power of each.
2. Make corrections to the candidate list or voter list within two (2) business days after receiving a report from the Association or a Member of any errors or omissions to either list prior to the distribution of ballots.
3. Determine the authenticity, validity, and effect of proxies, if any.
4. Deliver, or cause to be delivered, to each Member of the Association, at least 30 days before an election, ballots and a copy of these Election Rules as described in Sections 6.3 and 6.3.1 above.
5. Receive ballots.
6. Hear and determine all challenges and questions in any way arising out of or in connection with the right to vote.
7. Count and tabulate all votes.
8. Determine when the polls shall close, consistent with the governing documents.
9. Determine the tabulated results of the election and promptly report the tabulated results of the election to the Board.

10. Perform any acts as may be proper to conduct the election with fairness to all members in accordance with California law and the Association's governing documents, including these Election Rules.

7.4 Good Faith of Inspector(s) of Election – An inspector of elections shall perform all duties impartially, in good faith, to the best of the inspector of election's ability, as expeditiously as is practical, and in a manner that protects the interest of all Members of the Association. If there are three inspectors of elections, the decision or act of a majority shall be effective in all respects as the decision or act of all. Any report made by the inspector or inspectors of elections is prima facie evidence of the facts stated in the report.

7.5 Appointment Power of Inspectors of Election – The inspector or inspectors of election shall have the power to appoint and oversee additional persons to verify signatures and to count and tabulate votes as the inspector or inspectors deem appropriate, provided that the persons are independent third parties.

7.6 Removal of Inspectors of Election – The Board of Directors may remove and replace any inspector of election prior to the tabulation of votes if an inspector resigns or if the Board reasonably determines that an inspector will not be able to perform his or her duties impartially and in good faith.

8.0 Voting.

8.1 Voting Power – Each Member of the Association has the right to cast one vote per separate interest owned for each matter submitted to owners for voting. Note that each director vacancy counts as one matter. The vote of the owners of each separate interest shall be exercised as the owners among themselves determine, but in no event shall more than one vote be cast on behalf of any separate interest with respect to any matter.

8.2 Cumulative Voting – The Association's Bylaws allow cumulative voting for election to the Board of Directors. Section 7.05 of the Association's Bylaws, in part, provides as follows:

“Election to and removal from the Board shall be by cumulative voting, as defined in California Corporations Code §7615, provided, however, that as to election, an Owner shall be entitled to cumulate the Owner's votes for one or more candidates for the Board only if (i) the candidate's name is placed in nomination prior to voting and (ii) the Owner gives notice at the meeting prior to the voting of the Owner's intention to cumulate votes. If any Owner gives such notice, then all Owners shall have the right to cumulate votes as provided in this section.”

If the Association's Bylaws are amended to remove cumulative voting, the Bylaws take priority over these Rules in the event of a conflict.

8.3 Proxy Voting – Owners may assign their rights to vote to another Member by a proxy. To ensure secret voting, all proxies must have detachable voting directions which are to be kept by the person voting (the proxyholder). A proxy is not a ballot and shall not be construed or used in lieu of a ballot. The proxyholder must vote by a secret ballot. Proxies must comply with California law in order to be valid and may be revoked by the owner any time prior to the receipt of the ballot by the inspector of elections.

If the Association’s Bylaws are amended to remove proxy voting, the Bylaws take priority over these Rules in the event of a conflict.

8.3.1 Definition of Proxy – “Proxy” means a written authorization signed by a Member or the authorized representative of the Member that gives another Member the power to vote on behalf of that Member.

8.3.2 Definition of Signed – “Signed” means the placing of the Member's name on the proxy (whether by manual signature, typewriting, telegraphic transmission, or otherwise) by the Member or authorized representative of the Member.

8.3.3 Distribution of Proxies – Proxies are not required to be sent out with any general mailings that include ballots. Proxies may be made available upon request by a Member, but the Association shall not be required to prepare or distribute proxies.

8.4 No Denial of Ballots – A ballot shall not be denied to a Member for any reason other than not being a Member at the time when ballots are distributed. If a person becomes a Member after the ballots were distributed, said Member may request a ballot if the previous owner of that separate interest did not return a ballot in that election. A ballot shall not be denied to a person with general power of attorney for a Member. The ballot of a person with general power of attorney for a Member shall be counted if returned in a timely manner.

8.5 Loss of Ballot – If an owner loses his/her ballot prior to an election, they may request another ballot, along with the appropriate envelopes from the inspector(s) of election. The inspector(s) of election shall maintain a record of each request and, if it is determined that the owner voted twice, even by mistake, only one ballot will be counted.

8.6 Non-revocable Ballots - Written ballots may not be revoked once they are submitted to the Inspector(s) of Election. Once written ballots are deposited in the U.S. mail to the Inspector(s) of Election, they are considered non-revocable.

8.7 Secrecy of Ballots - An owner who signs or otherwise marks his/her ballot with an identifying mark, waives his/her right to secrecy. The Association is not responsible for removing or redacting personal information that is added to the ballots by the owner.

8.8 Voting Period – The polls will open when the ballots are sent to the Members and will close after commencement of the annual meeting, or any adjournment thereof, or upon final collection of ballots for counting, whichever occurs first.

8.9 Counting and Tabulation of Ballots – All votes must be counted and tabulated by the inspector(s) of elections in public at a properly noticed open meeting of the board of directors or members. Any candidate or other Member of the Association may witness the counting and tabulation of votes. No person, including a Member of the Association or an employee of the management company, shall open or otherwise review any ballot prior to the time and place at which the ballots are counted and tabulated.

8.10 Custody and Retention of Ballots – The sealed ballots, signed voter envelopes, voter list, proxies, and candidate registration list shall at all times be in the custody of the inspector or inspectors of elections or at a location designated by the inspector or inspectors until after the tabulation of the vote, and until the time allowed by Civil Code §5145 for challenging the election has expired, at which time custody shall be transferred to the Association.

9.0 Recount or Challenge; Inspection of Association Election Materials.

9.1 Recount or Challenge – If there is a recount or other challenge to the election process, the inspector or inspectors of elections shall, upon written request, make the ballots available for inspection and review by an association member or the member’s authorized representative. Any recount shall be conducted in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of the vote.

9.2 Inspection of Election Materials – The Association shall be required to retain as Association election materials the returned ballots, signed voter envelopes, any proxies, the voter list, and the candidate registration list. Such election materials are subject to inspection and copying in accordance with Civil Code §5200, except that the signed voter envelopes may only be inspected and may not be copied.

10.0 Use of Association Funds for Campaign Purposes.

10.1 Association Funds Shall Not Be Used for Campaign Purposes – The

Association funds shall not be used for campaign purposes in connection with any Association election of directors. Funds of the Association shall not be used for campaign purposes in connection with any other Association election except to the extent necessary to comply with duties of the Association imposed by law.

10.2 Definition of Campaign Purposes – “Campaign Purposes” include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Expressly advocating the election or defeat of any candidate that is on the Association election ballot.
2. Including the photograph or prominently featuring the name of any candidate on a communication from the Association or the Board, excepting the ballot and ballot materials, within 30 days of an election.

11.0 Amendment of Election Rules.

11.1. Amendment – The Election Rules may be amended in accordance with the procedures set forth at Civil Code §4360; provided, however, that the Election Rules shall not be amended less than 90 days prior to an election.

You may review an exact version of Civil Code Sections 5100-5145 as published by the State of California on <http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov>